

THE noted Greek scholar, Prof. T. T. Timayenias, who holds the chair of that language at Harvard university, is big and broad shouldered, dark as to hair and eyes, and wears a short, stubby black beard. He believes Greek will always hold its own in the educational system, both for culture and mental discipline.

GEN. CARSTUS M. CLAY has been continuous master since 1855 of what he holds to be the oldest flock of South-down sheep in the world under one management. He imported the first of it in that year and has not since brought over any ewes, but has improved the stock by rams. The carcasses average 120 pounds and the fleeces seven pounds.

THE bread known as "pain de guerre," which for some time past has replaced the once-notorious biscuits of the French army, has been successful enough to warrant its trial in the navy. The bread in question is practically what is known as whole-meal bread, but rendered rather lighter and more palatable when stale by finer grinding.

A PROMINENT New York dentist says that the mouth should never be rinsed after using tooth powder. The chalk in the powder is a slow antacid; bicarbonate of soda is a quick antacid. The object of the powder, besides that of scouring, is to find its way into cavities between the teeth, and by killing the acids, prevent the decomposition of food, which destroys the tooth tissues.

THE late George Augustus Sala in his early days was most impecunious. At some festive gathering where Mr. Sala was present, Mr. Attomborough, the famous pawnbroker, was also a guest. They recognized each other and shook hands. "How do you do, Mr. Attomborough?" said the journalist. "We have often met before, but I think this is the first time that I have ever seen your legs."

THREE hundred bicycle riders recently attended an Anglican church in the diocese of Toronto, Can., the rector preaching a special sermon to them. A silver-plated bicycle covered with flowers was one of the special decorations of the church, which a church paper denounces as "a most monstrous, irreverent and distracting intrusion into the house of God's presence."

ONE of the most artistic houses in London is the Alma-Tadema home. It is like an Aladdin lamp fairy tale realized. Each room is a gem, and the drawingroom has the noble gothic arch above. The colors are all soft, and the light is subdued and mellow, entering like the moonlight. The ladies wear artistic gowns, without a hint of "stays"—gowns that so many would like to wear and dare not.

A NEW soporific, to which the name pellotin has been given, has been discovered in a Mexican cactus called anaholium. The native Mexicans eat slices of this plant, which they call "pellote." Its hypnotic alkaloid has been separated by Dr. Hefter, of Leipzig. One grain of pellotin is equal in its effects to 15½ grains of trional, and to 3½ grains of hydrate of chloral. In large doses pellotin is found to be effective in quieting victims of delirium tremens.

It is a very remarkable fact that the greatest and best cooks have always been men. Cooking is supposed to be essentially the province of women, but all the big posts of the cooking world are held by men, and of these the French and Swiss are most expert. Few women possess the initiatory power of concocting new dishes, or of exercising the startling originality in the kitchen that they use with such marvellous results in the dressmaker's or milliner's workroom.

THE ups and downs of operative life are illustrated by the fact that Sir Augustus Harris lost \$80,000 on his first season with the De Reszkes, but won it all back the second, while during a subsequent season, on a turnover of \$400,000, the receipts just balanced the expenses. The London Daily News believes that the death of Sir Augustus only expedited matters, as he would have probably retired after next season, in consequence of Jean de Reszke's determination to give up the stage and settle down with his future bride on his Polish estate.

SPAIN is waking up to the necessity of reforesting her mountains. The little king recently went to a village a few miles east of Madrid and planted a pine sapling, after which 2,000 children, selected from the Madrid schools, each planted a tree. Medals were distributed among the children with the inscription, "First Arbor Day, instituted in the reign of Alfonso XIII., 1896." Similar festivals are to be held yearly in different places, and the children are to be taken out to see how their trees grow, in the hope that they will foster tree planting in their districts.

LORD RUSSELL and Sir Frank Lockwood will leave England on August 8 to attend the meeting of the American Bar association at Saratoga. Lord Russell succeeded the late Lord Coleridge as chief justice of England nearly two years ago. As an advocate, he figured in nearly every important case during the twenty years preceding his elevation to the bench, and his annual income at one time amounted to \$159,000. When he defended Parnell before the Parnell commission, his speech lasted three consecutive days. Sir Frank Lockwood is the wit of the English bar.

The News Condensed.

Important Intelligence From All Parts.

DOMESTIC.
Frances Thurman, aged 34 years, professionally known as "Mlle. Zoe," was drowned at Curtis Bay, near Baltimore, while performing an aerial feat.

Fifty persons were overcome by the heat in Chicago and one case proved fatal, that of J. B. Lapham, a leather dealer, aged 73 years.

William Murray died at Richmond, Va., from being overcome with the heat. He was, in 1879, the champion amateur oarsman of the United States.

During a thunderstorm in Omaha, Neb., Mrs. Zykora, Fred Moyer and Leroy Carter were killed by lightning.

Eddie Hurd, aged two years, and his head bitten off by a lion at a show in Chillicothe, O.

John Glass, of Buffalo, N. Y., holder of the world's record for dressing a steer, cut down the record from 5 minutes 58 seconds to 4 minutes 44½ seconds.

The American national bank at New Orleans closed its doors.

C. H. Fargo & Co., wholesale dealers in and manufacturers of boots and shoes in Chicago failed with liabilities of \$325,000 and assets of \$500,000.

A cyclone struck Swayzee, Ind., where a fair was in progress, and two men were killed and several injured.

The Park theater, Trugby's museum and other buildings were destroyed by fire at Niagara Falls, N. Y., and seven persons were burned to death. The property loss is \$250,000.

George W. Hankins, once the king of Chicago gamblers, and lately interested in horse racing, made an assignment and turned over property valued at \$1,300,000 to settle his debts.

In Missouri Conkling Bros. banking house at Nevada and the banks at Bronaugh and Richards were all closed by the sheriff.

The Christian brothers' outlaw gang raided the town of Cummings, O. T., and killed the family of Rev. T. C. Raymond, consisting of his wife and three daughters.

Boyd, Parley & Co., carpet dealers in Philadelphia, failed for \$250,000.

At the races in Columbus, O., Robert J. paced the fourth and deciding heat of the free-for-all race in 2:02½, which is the fastest fourth heat ever paced.

By a decision handed down by Judge Adams, chief justice of the supreme court of the Creek nation in Oklahoma, the names of over 1,700 negroes are stricken from the rolls of citizenship of the nation.

There were 269 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 7th, against 281 the week previous and 209 in the corresponding period of 1895.

One man was killed and two were fatally injured in a fire at Swift's packing plant in Kansas City that caused a loss of \$100,000.

The American line steamer St. Louis made the trip from Liverpool to New York in 6 days 5 hours and 33 minutes, breaking all previous records.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 7th aggregated \$911,997,784, against \$811,433,203 the previous week. The decrease compared with the corresponding week in 1895 is 6.4.

The Lake county bank at East Chicago, Ind., suspended payment.

Charles Thiede was hanged at Salt Lake City for murdering his wife April 30, 1894, and Claud Hoover was executed at Omaha, Neb., for killing Samuel Dubois, his brother-in-law.

Robert Hopper and Mattie Johnson were murdered and robbed by five negroes near Harrodsburg, Ky.

At a church social and picnic in Fort Scott, Kan., over 75 persons were poisoned by eating ice cream and several would die.

At Nashville, Ill., Thomas J. Rogers, aged 64, killed his aged wife by cutting her throat and then killed himself. No cause is known.

Willie Auxler and Joe Enright, both ten years old, were drowned in the river at Atlantic, Ia., while bathing.

The entire family of James Pitt, seven in number, were struck by lightning near Riverview, a Chicago suburb, and three were fatally injured.

The Ingham county savings bank at Lansing, Mich., closed its doors with liabilities of \$144,000.

The percentage of the baseball clubs in the National league for the week ended on the 9th is as follows: Baltimore, .693; Cincinnati, .691; Cleveland, .640; Chicago, .583; Pittsburgh, .586; Boston, .539; Brooklyn, .461; Philadelphia, .449; New York, .411; Washington, .402; St. Louis, .308; Louisville, .230.

Intense heat prevailed throughout the country and many deaths from sun-strokes were reported in Chicago, St. Louis, New York and other places.

Six men lost their lives in a freight wreck on the Rock Island road near Leighton, Ia.

A cloudburst at Bolivar, O., flooded the village and did great damage.

The Delta Lumber company at Detroit, Mich., filed mortgages aggregating \$500,000 to protect creditors.

The works of the Trenton (N. J.) Fire Clay and Porcelain company were burned, the loss being \$150,000, and Charles Woods, a fireman, was killed by falling walls.

John R. Gentry, the pacing stallion who holds the world's record, reduced that record on the track at Columbus, O., from 2:03½ to 2:03¼.

The entire business portion of Jordan, Tenn., has been destroyed by fire. Every town along the Great Northern railroad in North Dakota from Crary to Larimore was damaged by a storm, the loss to crops alone being immense.

Lorenzo Saladino, Becino Sorcoro and Angelo Marcuso were lynched by a mob at Hahnville, La., for murder.

Four men were drowned near Benton Harbor, Mich., while bathing.

James F. McClure, William Thomas and J. I. Tallman, said to be the principals of the worst combination of swindlers that has ever preyed on the American public, were arrested in Chicago.

Five persons were killed and 15 injured, some fatally, by the derailment of a trolley car just outside the town limits of Columbia, Pa.

Intense heat still prevails throughout the entire country, the deaths from its effects in various cities on the 9th aggregating 161.

Harvey Allender shot and killed Mrs. Wally Fielner and V. Crosette in San Jose, Cal., and then attempted to kill himself, but failed. Jealousy was the cause.

Garland Travis and Will Way were drowned in the Kankakee river at La Porte, Ind.

The Long Island bank, the oldest financial institution in Brooklyn, N. Y., will wind up its career, the directors having decided to go out of business.

The visible supply of grain in the United States on the 10th was: Wheat, 46,429,000 bushels; corn, 12,218,000 bushels; oats, 6,945,000 bushels; rye, 1,676,000 bushels; barley, 639,000 bushels.

Final arrangements have been made for the dedication of the Grant monument in New York on April 27 next, Grant's birthday.

Four distinct storms visited Michigan during 24 hours, causing widespread destruction of property and the loss of at least 20 lives. The fatalities were largest at Detroit and Benton Harbor. In Saginaw 50 buildings were damaged.

Linn O'Neill, of Toledo, O., aged five years and blind, one of the greatest musical prodigies the world ever produced, died from the effects of the heat.

Hot weather still prevailed throughout the country on the 10th and the number of deaths reported from prostration was large.

Amelia Holman, Rose Breininger, Mary Breininger, Charles Minnick and John T. Dexter were drowned opposite Bridgburg, a suburb of Philadelphia, by the capsizing of a rowboat.

A cloudburst did great damage at Fort Wayne, Ind.

William Wright, a negro who killed his wife with an ax in June, 1895, was hanged at Nevada, Mo.

The losses in South Water street, Chicago, during the heated period have amounted to \$500,000 on fruit alone.

The 17th annual meet of the League of American Wheelmen convened in Louisville, Ky.

Four men were killed by gas in the Phillips chemical works at Camden, N. J.

Many buildings were unroofed and large trees were snapped like pipe-stems during a storm at Baldwin, Wis.

Bob Pierson and Morris Jacobs, pugilists, who attempted to fight near Cincinnati, were arrested and fined \$100 each and sent to jail for 30 days.

During a storm at Cleveland many small boats on the lake were wrecked but no lives were lost.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.
Congressional nominations were made as follows: Illinois, Thirteenth district, Frank Palmer (pop.); Nineteenth, J. J. Sewall (pop.). Iowa, Sixth district, John F. Lacey (rep.) renominated. Indiana, Eighth district, J. R. Brunt (dem.); Thirteenth, Charles Kelton (dem.). Texas, Tenth district, Noah Allen (rep.); Eleventh, J. R. Gross (rep.). West Virginia, First district, T. M. Stone (pop.).

Lon V. Stevens, of Cooper, was nominated for governor by the democratic state convention at Jefferson City, Mo. All gold standard men were stricken from the state committee and a declaration for free silver was made.

The prohibitionists of New Hampshire in state convention at Concord nominated J. C. Berry, of Plymouth, for governor.

The populist state convention at Hastings, Neb., renominated Gov. Holcomb and endorsed the nomination of Bryan for president.

The socialist-labor party of Indiana met in Indianapolis and nominated the following ticket: Governor, Phil H. Moore, Indianapolis; lieutenant governor, Harry Sharpe, Indianapolis; secretary of state, Fred Adams, Fontanet; treasurer, F. Helbach, Evansville.

The populist state convention at Abilene, Kan., nominated State Senator Leedy for governor.

The populists in convention at Parkersburg, W. Va., nominated Isaac C. Ralphsnyder for governor, and decided to fuse with the democrats.

The republicans of Michigan in convention at Grand Rapids adopted a platform which indorses the platform of the national republican convention of 1896 and adjourned for the day without nominating state officers.

Wisconsin republicans met at Milwaukee and adopted a platform indorsing the acts of the national convention in St. Louis and then, after receiving several nominations for governor, adjourned for the day.

George T. Anthony, who was governor of Kansas from 1877 to 1879, died at his home in Topeka.

The Michigan republicans in convention at Grand Rapids nominated the following ticket: For governor, Hazen S. Pingree; lieutenant governor, Thomas B. Dunstan; secretary of state, Rev. Washington Gardner; treasurer, George A. Steele; auditor-general, Roscoe D. Dix; attorney-general, Fred A. Maynard; superintendent of land office, W. A. French; superintendent of public instruction, J. E. Hammond.

Texas populists in convention at Galveston nominated Jerome Kearby, of Dallas, for governor, and indorsed the nomination of Bryan and Watson for president and vice president.

In Milwaukee the Wisconsin republicans made the following nominations: For governor, Edward Scofield; lieutenant governor, Emil Baensch; secretary of state, Henry Casson; treasurer, Sewell A. Peterson; attorney-general, William H. Mylrea; state superintendent, John Q. Emery; railroad commissioner, Duncan J. McKenzie; insurance commissioner, William A. Fricke.

Judge Samuel W. Shellabarger, one of the most prominent members of the bar in Washington and a member of congress in war times, died at the age of 73 years.

Aunt Nancy Frisowthe (colored) died in Wichita, Kan., aged 104 years.

M. D. Frank, of Portland, was nominated for governor of Maine at the state democratic convention at Waterville.

The prohibitionists of the Twentieth district of Illinois nominated Capt. A. R. Langworth, of McLeansboro, for congress, and in the same district the populists nominated J. C. Tanguary.

Thirty-six states were represented at a meeting in Indianapolis of democrats who do not indorse the platform and ticket of the Chicago convention and a call was issued for a national convention to be held in Indianapolis on Wednesday, September 2, for the purpose of adopting a declaration of principles and nominating candidates for president and vice president. Senator John M. Palmer, of Illinois, was made chairman of the national committee.

The Georgia populists in convention at Atlanta nominated S. A. Wright, of Rome, for governor, and indorsed the St. Louis platform.

The "sound money" democrats of Maine who marched out of the state convention at Waterville held a convention of their own and nominated William Henry Clifford, of Portland, for governor.

At the first meeting in Indianapolis of the national executive committee of the "sound money" democracy W. D. Bynum, of Indiana, was elected chairman and John R. Wilson, of Indianapolis, secretary.

The populists of the Seventh Kansas district nominated Jerry Simpson for congress.

Reuben Noble, one of the most noted lawyers and jurists of Iowa, died at his home in McGregor, aged 75 years.

Alonso J. Edgerton, who succeeded Senator Windom, of Minnesota, in the United States senate, died at his home in Sioux Falls, S. D., where he had resided since 1889.

The democrats of the Ninth Iowa district nominated Louis T. Genung, of Hastings, for congress.

FOREIGN.
Foreign consuls and missionaries in Armenia estimate that fully 1,000,000 deaths have occurred in that country as the result of massacres and from starvation.

The town of El Rama, Nicaragua, was nearly wiped out by a freshet and the plantations in the vicinity were all destroyed, the loss being estimated at over \$1,000,000.

Prince Hohenlohe, the imperial chancellor of Germany, has resigned.

The rowboat Fox, from New York June 6, with the two sailors, Frank Samelson and George Harbo, on board, arrived at Havre, France.

Forest fires at Trinity, N. F., destroyed 14 houses, the occupants losing everything.

Emily Selwood Tennyson, widow of the poet laureate, died at Farringford, the beautiful residence of the Tennyson family in the Isle of Wight.

At Anapolis Pledia, in the island of Crete, 1,000 armed Mussulmans butchered 30 unarmed Christians, several priests and women and children being among the victims.

Miss Clara Barton, president of the American branch of the Red Cross society, has started from Constantinople on her return to the United States, her mission of distributing relief to the Armenian sufferers having been ended.

Several villages in Colombia have been destroyed by floods.

Cholera is on the increase in Egypt. Toronto, Ont., is flooded with American silver certificates and the bankers have given notice that "on and after Saturday, August 15, American one-dollar bills will only be received for 90 cents."

LATER.
W. M. SINGLER, whose name heads the list of electors nominated at the Pennsylvania democratic state convention, has written a letter to Democratic State Chairman Wright, announcing his unwillingness to support the Chicago convention platform and candidates, and asking that his name be withdrawn from the state electoral ticket.

MAJ. JAMES C. WORTHINGTON, U. S. A., died at Louisville, Ky., on the 10th. He was surgeon in charge at Fort Thomas until last December.

The freight steamer Lizzie Henderson, of Philadelphia, lying at New York City, was discovered to be on fire on the 11th and while being towed down the river she sank. The damage will be heavy.

A DISPATCH from Athens says that the Cretan revolutionary camp has declared the reform committee dissolved and has established a provisional revolutionary government, at the head of which as president is Georakostas Voloudaski, who headed the Cretan embassy to the Berlin congress. He is 92 years old, but is hale and hearty.

BISHOP JEREMIAH O'SULLIVAN died at Mobile, Ala., on the 11th. He was born in Ireland in 1842 and came to America 20 years later. He was ordained priest in 1868. He was appointed bishop of Mobile in 1886.

The Sneed & Co. iron works, of Louisville, Ky., employing 300 men, has given notice of a 10 per cent reduction of wages, owing to the depressed condition of business resulting from the agitation of the money question.

It has developed that Harry K. Brown, exchange clerk of the Bullion and Exchange bank, of Carson, Nev., who left that city suddenly about two months ago, robbed the institution of nearly \$75,000. He is believed to be in Mexico.

DURING a thunder shower on the 11th S. B. Bryant and his 5-year-old daughter were struck by lightning and killed at his home near Rogers, Ark.

W. H. THEWORY, wholesale lumber dealer, of Boston, has made an assignment. It is understood that the liabilities are in the vicinity of \$200,000.

THE Neal-Morse Co., wholesale dealers in woolens, at Boston, have assigned. The corporation succeeded the firm of Neal, Morse & Co., a few months ago. The obligations of the old firm are about \$200,000 and the new corporation rated its assets at \$100,000. No statement of its present standing has been issued.

BRYAN AT CHICAGO.

A Demonstration on Reaching That City—Out for the East.

Chicago, Aug. 10.—The train bearing W. J. Bryan and party en route from Lincoln to New York city, where the democratic candidate is to be officially notified of his nomination, arrived in the Rock Island depot at 7:30 p. m. Saturday. The streets about the depot were blockaded by a sweltering crowd of people, and it was with difficulty that Mr. Bryan could reach his carriage. A procession without any semblance of order escorted him to the Clifton house. A programme had been arranged, but owing to the crowd and heat it could not be carried out. The insufficient force of police was unable to keep the people from crushing around the two carriages which contained the travelers. As best they could the procession of organizations, illuminated by a carriage containing calcium lights proceeded through the principal streets of the downtown district.

Between State street and Wabash avenue on Monroe street every inch of space was occupied by those who wanted to hear as well as see the presidential nominee. The Clifton house, where Mr. Bryan stayed during the Chicago convention, is situated on Monroe street, between Wabash avenue and State street, and thousands of people were packed into this space. It was nearly an hour and a half from the time of arrival until the Bryan party appeared on the small balcony of the Clifton house. Mr. Bryan rested a little while before he showed himself to the people, and when his face was seen there arose a roar of voices, lasting several minutes.

Mr. and Mrs. Bryan stood alongside William J. Strong while he tried to make an address of welcome, but he was interrupted several times in the course of his brief speech. Cries for Bryan, oft-repeated, practically settled the rest of the welcoming speech, and Mr. Strong soon gave way. When Mr. Bryan, with his wife smiling complacently by his side, prepared to speak, there was a repetition of the deafening tumult, making it impossible for him to be heard until he had pleaded for silence. Then he said, after expressing his gratification at his reception:

"In no other country can the people take up a private citizen and make him their instrument to accomplish their will. When I see this assemblage to-night, and when I remember what the newspapers in this city say, I am reminded of what one of our friends said to me: 'Nobody is on our side except the people.' As I look into the faces of these people and remember that our enemies call them a menace to free government I say: 'Who shall save the people from themselves? I am proud to have in this campaign the support of those who are proud to call themselves the common people. If I was behind the great trusts and combinations I know I would no sooner take my seat than they would demand I should use my power to rob the people. But having rather the support of the great toiling masses I know when they give me their ballot they will unite in saying: 'Do your duty and we have our reward. These are the people who ask no favors of the government, who want equal rights for all and special privileges for none.'"

The Bryan party left Des Moines, Ia., at 6:30 a. m. Saturday. Gen. Weaver accompanied Mr. Bryan on the trip east. The train was a local passenger of the Rock Island road, and stopped at every station. The distinguished travelers were warmly greeted by crowds assembled at the depots in Colfax, Altoona, Mitchellville and Newton. Mr. Bryan made brief speeches at Colfax and Newton, but they contained no pointed allusions to politics. At Grinnell he addressed an audience of 2,000 persons, urging them to study the issues well and vote right. Short addresses of a like tenor were made at Brooklyn, Manargo and Iowa City. At West Liberty the train stopped for dinner. Here Mr. Bryan's attention was called to the action of the "sound-money" conference at Indianapolis, but he declined to say anything regarding it. His short address here was devoid of political allusion, also, and the same is true of his remarks at Durant and Davenport.

At Rock Island he said he did not desire to take part in any political discussion until after he had been officially notified of his nomination, but he assured his hearers that the campaign was not going by default. Said he: "There is not a state which we are willing to concede to the enemy, because we believe that in the great struggle for financial independence the citizens of all of the states will stand up for American institutions and American rights."

Short speeches were made at Moline, Geneseo, Sheffield, Ottawa, Spring Valley, La Salle, Morris and Joliet. At the latter city a large committee from Chicago joined the party, to act as an escort into Chicago.

Mr. Bryan left this city for Pittsburgh by the Pennsylvania road at 11:30 p. m. Sunday. The day was spent quietly, the candidate securing much-needed rest. Mr. and Mrs. Bryan attended service at the Englewood Presbyterian church. After service they returned to the Clifton house, where they rested until 5:30. At six o'clock Mrs. Bryan went to the main parlor of the hotel and received a large number of people who were waiting to see her husband. Mr. Bryan received in his room.

Robbed a Safe.
Warehous, Ga., Aug. 10.—Robbers made a big raid here Saturday night. The safe of the Southern Express company and the safes of two stores were blown open and robbed and much valuable merchandise stolen. The robbers fastened the doors to the rooms above the stores where the clerks slept, and escaped. They are now being pursued by bloodhounds.

Prairie Fires Destroy Grain.
Perry, O. T., Aug. 10.—Prairie fires are raging in the Comanche Indian country southwest of here. Thousands of acres of grain have been swept by the flames, which are aided by the dry condition of vegetation. The fires follow a term of hot winds which have parched vegetation and caused cattle to suffer. The thermometer registered 108 degrees.

Died from the Bite of a Cat.
Bay City, Mich., Aug. 10.—Howard Lowe, aged 11, was bitten by a cat June 24. Symptoms of hydrophobia were developed and on Saturday the boy died in great agony.

"There is no such thing as perfection in this world," said the philosopher. "Right," assented the colonel. "Even whisky has to be high 50 percent watah."—Indianapolis Journal.

Fires stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free \$2 trial bottle & treatise. Dr. KLINE, 163 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

"With all thy faults, I love thee still," said the husband to his scolding wife.—J. D. F. W.

Hall's Catarrh Cure. Price 75c. Is a Constitutional Cure. Price 75c.

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Talk in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla as for no other medicine. It has the greatest record of cures of any medicine in the world. In fact,

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will you patronize? Under these circumstances, other things being equal, surely it will be the

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Real Value.

The real value of any fertilizer is demonstrated by the size and quality of the crops it produces. It's for this reason